Name: _____

AP Calculus AB Unit 1 – Day 2 Assignment

Analytical Approach to Finding Limits

Find the value of each limit. For a limit that does not exist, state why.

1. $\lim_{x \to -\frac{1}{2}} 3x^2(2x-1)$	2. $\lim_{x \to -1} x^3 + 2x^2 - 3x + 3$
3. $\lim_{x \to -2} (x - 6)^{\frac{2}{3}}$	4. $\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{x^2 + 5x + 6}{x + 2}$
5. $\lim_{\theta \to \frac{\pi}{6}} \theta^2 \tan \theta$	6. $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{(x+4)^2 - 16}{x}$
7. $\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{x-1}{x^2 - 1}$	8. $\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{x^2 - 3x + 2}{x^2 - 4}$

9. $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{5x^3 + 8x^2}{3x^4 - 16x^2}$	10. $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\frac{1}{x+2} - \frac{1}{2}}{x}$
11. $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{(2+x)^3 - 8}{x}$	12. $\lim_{h \to 0} \frac{(x+h)^2 + 2(x+h) - 3 - (x^2 + 2x - 3)}{h}$
13. $\lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} \text{ if } f(x) = 3x^2 - 2x$	14. $\lim_{x \to 2} f(x)$ if $f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x^2 - 4x, & x < 2\\ 4\sin\left(\frac{\pi x}{4}\right), & x > 2 \end{cases}$

15. $\lim_{x \to 3} e^x \cos\left(\frac{\pi x}{3}\right)$	16. $\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{\sqrt{x+3}-2}{x-1}$	
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$17. \lim_{x \to 3^+} \frac{x+3}{x-3}$	18. $\lim_{x \to -3^+} \frac{2x^2 - 9x + 9}{x^2 - 9}$	

19. $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\frac{1}{x-2} + \frac{1}{2}}{x}$	20. $\lim_{x \to -2} \begin{cases} 2 - x, & x < -2 \\ x^2 - 2x, & x > -2 \end{cases}$

21. If $\lim_{x \to 3} f(x) = 2$ and $\lim_{x \to 3} g(x) = -4$, find each of the following limits. Show your analysis			
applying			
	the properties of limits.		
a. $\lim_{x \to 3} \left[\frac{5f(x)}{g(x)} \right]$	b. $\lim_{x \to 3} \left[f(x) + 2g(x) \right]$	c. $\lim_{x \to 3} \sqrt{4f(x)}$	
d. $\lim_{x \to 3} \frac{g(x)}{8}$	e. $\lim_{x \to 3} [3f(x) - g(x)]$	f. $\lim_{x \to 3} \left[\frac{f(x)g(x)}{12} \right]$	

22. If $\lim_{x \to 4} f(x) = 0$ and $\lim_{x \to 4} g(x) = 3$, find each of the following limits. Show your analysis applying the properties of limits.	
a. $\lim_{x \to 4} \left[\frac{g(x)}{f(x) - 1} \right]$	b. $\lim_{x \to 4} xf(x)$
c. $\lim_{x \to 4} [g(x) + 3]$	d. $\lim_{x \to 4} g^2(x)$