

AP Calculus BC - Midterm Review Warm-up #7

Name: Answer Key\*

1) Write a power series that is centered at  $-2$  for the function

$$f(x) = \frac{3}{2x-5}$$

$$\frac{3}{-5+2x} \rightarrow \frac{3}{-5+2(x+2)-4} = \frac{3}{-9+2(x+2)} = \frac{-3/9}{1 + \frac{2(x+2)}{-9}} \quad a = -1/3$$

$$r = \frac{2(x+2)}{9}$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{1}{3}\right) \left(\frac{2(x+2)}{9}\right)^n$$

$(-1, 0)$

2) Find the fourth term of the Taylor Polynomial for  $f(x) = \sin x$ , centered at  $x = \pi$ .

$$f(x) = \sin x \rightarrow \sin \pi = 0$$

$$f'(x) = \cos x \rightarrow \cos \pi = -1$$

$$f''(x) = -\sin x \rightarrow -\sin \pi = 0$$

$$f'''(x) = -\cos x \rightarrow -\cos \pi = 1$$

$$f^{(4)}(x) = \sin x \rightarrow \sin \pi = 0$$

$$f^{(5)}(x) = \cos x \rightarrow \cos \pi = -1$$

$$f^{(6)}(x) = -\sin x = -\sin \pi = 0$$

$$f^{(7)}(x) = -\cos x = -\cos \pi = 1$$

$$P_7(x) = 0 + -1(x-\pi) + 0 \frac{(x-\pi)^2}{2!} + 1 \frac{(x-\pi)^3}{3!}$$

$$+ 0 \frac{(x-\pi)^4}{4!} - 1 \frac{(x-\pi)^5}{5!} + 0 \frac{(x-\pi)^6}{6!}$$

$$+ \frac{(x-\pi)^7}{7!}$$

3) Find  $f'(x) \int f(x) dx$  if

and

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1} (x-6)^n}{n6^n} = \frac{1}{n6^n} (x-6)^n$$

$$f'(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1} (x-6)^{n-1}}{6^n}$$

$$\int f(x) dx = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1} (x-6)^{n+1}}{n6^n (n+1)}$$